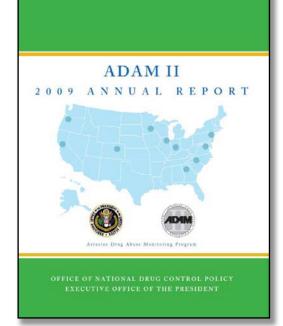


## The ADAM II 2009 Annual Report

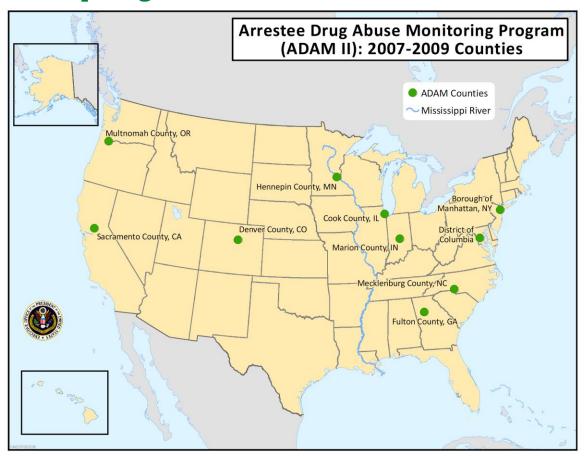
## **Key Findings**

- At the ten sites participating in the Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM II) study, more than half of booked male arrestees tested positive for at least one illicit drug. Positive rates at the sites ranged from 56 percent in Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, to 82 percent in Cook County, Illinois.
- Many arrestees tested positive for more than one illegal drug at the time of arrest.
- Among arrestees who reported drug use in the previous 12 months:
  - Only 1 percent to 10 percent, depending on location, reported receiving outpatient drug or alcohol treatment in the past year.
  - 2 percent to 10 percent reported receiving inpatient or residential substance abuse treatment in the past year.
  - 1 percent to 3 percent reported receiving inpatient mental health or psychiatric treatment.
- Over half of arrestees in the majority of sites have no health insurance.



- The proportion of arrestees testing positive for cocaine declined significantly from either 2007 or 2008 to 2009 at eight of the ten sites. This may be an indication of a cocaine shortage, which is consistent with other cocaine indicators.
- Methamphetamine rates remain highest in the West. Positive rates continue to decline in the markets with the highest prevalence.

## **Participating Sites**



## **Background**

The Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM II) program is a Federal data collection program that conducts interviews and tests for drugs in adult male arrestees held in police booking facilities. Operating in ten U.S. counties (see map, above), ADAM II collects data within 48 hours of arrest, providing a window into drug use behavior among booked male arrestees that is not available when persons are detained or incarcerated for longer periods of time. ADAM II is a continuation of the ADAM program that operated in 35 sites from 2000 to 2003 under the auspices of the National Institute of Justice. Since 2007, ADAM II has been sponsored by the Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP).

Although not a national data set, ADAM II provides information on the local level that demonstrates regional variability in drug use patterns and which can be used by local authorities to inform decisions.

The *ADAM II 2009 Annual Report* is ONDCP's third annual report for ADAM II, providing interview and urine test data collected from a probability-based sample in each of ten sites, totaling more than 4,700 arrestees from April 1 to September 30, 2009.

For an electronic copy of the ADAM II 2009 Annual Report, released July 31, 2010, please visit the ONDCP Web site at http://WhiteHouseDrugPolicy.gov